FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2017

## THE COUNCIL MEMBERS INFORMATION FOR 2017

President : Mr. See Swee Choy

Vice President : Mr. Yuen Juin Hoe

Ms.Lai Ai Fuen

Secretary : Mr. See Swee Poh

Ms. Chang Phay Kee

Treasurer : Ms. Lee Wan Siing

Councillors : Ms.Chua Chin Ching

Ms.Tan Mew Wai

Ms. Oon Jia Li

Mr.Koh Aik Boon

Mr.Tan Jun Khang

Mr. Cheong Eng Siang

Mr. Yap Mun Kit

: Mr.Gan Yee Chuan

: Mr.Kamarul Farid Bin Kamaruddin

: Ms.Ng Bee Yen

Ms.Tan Chai Peng

: Mr.Lim Cheng Ern

: Ms.Chor Mun Yan

Mr.Loo Wei Siang

Mr.Ng Wei Boon

Mr.Chee Yong Sin

: Ms.Lim Chian Chian

Ms.Lim Song Song

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Ms. Ng Moi Cheng

: Ms. S. Vasugi Subramaniam

Mr.Kee Lai Chuan

: Mr.Tiu Kok Peng

: Mr.Tan Chia Choon

Mr.Gan Jie Wie

Mr.Tan Chee Aik

Mr. Lim Tyng Feng

Mr.Lai Chee Seng

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2017

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## **COUNCIL'S REPORT**

The Council hereby present their report together with audited financial statements of the Society for the financial year ended 31 December, 2017.

#### PRINCIPAL OF ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Society is to assist and provide support for the less fortunate communities in Malaysia. There has been no significant changes in the nature of this activity during the year.

#### RESULT

Net surplus for the year

RM1,086,836

There were no material transfer to or from reseves or provisions during the financial year.

In the opinion of the Council, the results of the operations of the Society during the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.

#### COUNCIL MEMBERS

The names of the Council Members of Persatuan Kasih Sejati in office since the date of the last report are:-

Chua Chin Ching

Tan Mew Wai

Oon Jia Li

Koh Aik Boon

Tan Chee Aik

Lim Tyng Feng

Tan Jun Khang

Cheong Eng Siang

Yap Mun Kit

Gan Yee Chuan

Kamarul Farid Bin Kamaruddin

Ng Bee Yen

Tan Chai Peng

Lim Cheng Ern

Lai Chee Seng

Chor Mun Yan

Loo Wei Siang

Ng Wei Boon

Chee Yong Sin

Lim Chian Chian
Lim Song Song
Ng Moi Cheng
S Vasugi Subramaniam
Kee Lai Chuan
Tiu Kok Peng
Tan Chia Choon
Gan Jie Wie

#### COUNCIL'S BENEFITS

Neither at the end of the financial year, nor at any time during that year, did there subsist any arrangement to which the Society was a party, whereby the Council Members might acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of interest in the Society or any other body corporate.

Since the end of the previous financial year, no Council Member has received or become entitled to receive a benefit by reason of a contract made by the Society or a related corporation with any Council Member or with a firm which he is a member, or with a Company in which he has a substantial financial interest.

#### COUNCIL'S INTEREST

None of the Council Members in office since at the end of the financial year had any interest in the Council or its related corporations during the financial year.

#### COUNCIL'S REMUNERATION

Fees and other benefits of the Council Members who held office during the financial year ended 31 December 2017 are as follows:

ended 31 December 2017 die dis fenewer	2017 RM	2016 RM
Salaries and allowances	187,360	53,200

## OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

- (I) AS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR
- (a) Before the financial statements were made out, the Council Members took reasonable steps:-

- (i) to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and satisfied themselves that there were no known bad debts and that no provision for doubtful debts was necessary; and
- (ii) to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to realise their values as shown in the accounting records in the ordinary course of business had been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.
- (b) At the date of this report, the Council are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements of the Society which would render:
  - (i) it necessary to write off any bad debts or to make any provision for doubtful debts in respect of the financial statements of the society; and
  - (ii) the values attributed to current assets in the financial statements of the Society misleading.
  - (c) As the date of this report, the Council Members are not aware of any circumstances which have arisen which would render adherence to the exiting method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Society misleading or inappropriate.
  - (d) As the date of this report, the Council Members are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or to the financial statements of the Society which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.
  - (e) As at the date of this report, there does not exist:
    - (i) any charge on the assets of the Society which as arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person; or
    - (ii) any contingent liability in respect of the Society which has arisen since the end of the financial year.
  - (f) In the opinion of the Council Members:
    - (i) no contingent liability or other liability has become enforceable, or is likely to become enforceable, within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which will or may affect the ability of the Society to meet its obligations as and when they fall due; and
    - (ii) no item, transaction or event of a material and usual nature has arisen in the internal between the end of the financial year and the date of this report which is likely to affect substantially the results of the Society for the financial year in which this report is made.

## AUDITORS' AND AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

The auditors Messrs S.F. Lee & Co. have expressed their willingness to continue in office,

Auditors' remuneration of the Society for the financial year ended 31 December 2017 is RM2,000/-

Signed on behalf of the Council in accordance with a resolution of the Council dated 124 MAY 2018

Treasurer

See Swee Choy President

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

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# STATEMENT BY COUNCIL PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(2) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2016

We, See Swee Choy and Lee Wan Siing, being two of the Council Members of Persatuan Kasih Sejati do hereby state that, in our opinion, the accompanying financial statements set out pages 9 to 20 are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Private Entities Reporting Standard and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Persatuan Kasih Sejati as at 31 December 2017, and of the financial performance and cash flows of the Society for the year then ended.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Council dated 124 MAY 2018

See Swee Choy President Lee Wan Siing Treasurer

Kuala Lumpur

## STATUTORY DECLARATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(1)(b) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2016

I, Lee Wan Siing, being the officer primarily responsible for the financial management of Persatuan Kasih Sejati, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 9 to 20 are in my opinion correct, and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by abovenamed the abovenamed Lee Wan Siing at Kuala Lumpur in Wilayah Persekutuan on 19 4 MAY 2018

on 24 MAY 2018

Before me:

W 678
KAPT (B) AFFANDI
BIN AHMAD

\* 1 JAN 2017-31 DIS 2018

No. 86, Jalan Putra 50350 Kuala Lumpur Lee Wan Siing



No. 5-3, Jalan 1/64A, Kompleks Udarama, Off Jalan Ipoh, 50350 Kuala Lumpur.

Tel : 03 - 4042 7546 Fax : 03 - 4041 3749

Email: sfleeco@yahoo.com.my

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PERSATUAN KASIH SEJATI

#### Report on the Financial Statements

## **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of **Persatuan Kasih Sejati.**, which comprise the statement of financial position of the Society as at 31 December 2017, the statement of income and expenditure and statement of cash flows of the Society for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes, as set out on pages 9 to 20.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Society as at 31 December 2017, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Private Entities Reporting Standard and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence and Other Ethical Responsibilities

We are independent of the Society in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The council members of the Society are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Council's Report but does not include the financial statements of the Society and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Society does not cover the Council's Report and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Society, our responsibility is to read the Council's Report and, in doing so, consider whether the Council's Report is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Society or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the Council's Report, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Branch add: G-23A, Jalan SP 5/5, Seksyen 5,

Taman Serdang Perdana, 43300 Seri Kembangan,

Selangor Darul Ehsan.

Tel: 603-8938 1870 Fax: 603-8943 4901





#### Responsibilities of the Council for the Financial Statements

The council of the Society are responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Society that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Private Entities Reporting Standard and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia. The council are also responsible for such internal control as council determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Society that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Society, the council are responsible for assessing the Society's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the council either intend to liquidate the Society or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Society as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Society, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Society's internal control.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the council.



#### Other Matters

- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of the council's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Society's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Society or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Society to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Society, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the council regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Other Matters

This report is made solely to the members of the Society, as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

S.F. LEE & CO.

AF 0670

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

LEE SIEW FATT 1179/9/18 (J)

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT

Kuala Lumpur

Dated: 24 MAY 201R

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 RM	2016 RM
GENERAL FUND	5	2,185,269	1,098,433
Represented by:			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment	6	74,515	85,238
[4] J. P. Martin, Phys. Rev. Lett. 10, 1200 (1997); S. Martin, Phys. Rev. Lett. 10, 1200 (1997).		74,515	85,238
CURRENT ASSETS Other receivables Bank balance		3,000 2,119,754	1,018,583
		2,122,754	1,018,583
CURRENT LIABILITIES Other payables and accrued expenses Current tax liabilities	7	12,000	1,800 3,588
		12,000	5,388
NET CURRENT ASSETS		2,110,754	1,013,195
		2,185,269	1,098,433

# STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE For the year ended 31 December 2017

Tor the jent enter	over the literature	2016
INCOME	<u>2017</u>	2016 DNA
	RM	RM
Donation received	1,980,700	1,218,917
Thanksgiving dinner	250,575	179,465
Members fees	1,830	3,900
Sales of merchandise	32,326	41,540
	2,265,431	1,443,822
THE PART OF THE PA		
EXPENDITURE	2,000	1,800
Auditors' remuneration	36,000	36,500
Accounting fee	5,830	17,300
Advertisement fee	4,432	1,180
Bank charges	69,300	-,
Branding and Sosial Media expenses	187,360	53,200
Councillors' remuneration	21,049	2,370
Contribution of school materials	17,711	17,012
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	17,711	17,012
Donation and contribution to:-		1,394
- Refugee	20.029	40,148
- Orphanage	20,038	28,100
- Old folks home	31,930	
- Disabled people home	= = = = = =	91,755
- Reading event	-	6,578
- Individual and family	318,839	193,811
- Orang Asli Project	19,861	16,027
- GHCC Love & Caring Community Project	73,915	20
Electricity	3,211	
Events and promotional campaign	4,894	6,041
EPF and Socso for staff	24,314	16,898
Gift and merchandise	3,468	19,115
Licence fee	-	497
Office expenses	420	
Printing and stationery	4,980	12,733
Charity fund raising banquet	27,904	50,156
Other administrative staff salaries	7,520	106,227
Penalty	415	-
Postages	508	590
Professionsal fee	1,028	2,800
Petrol, toll and parking	6,873	2,411
Newspaper and periodicals	1,061	1,799
Repair and maintenance	1,600	-
Road tax and insurance	2,007	2,351
Rental of premises	7,800	3,000
Staff refreshment	2,707	1,526
	412	803
GST expenses	263,187	105,784
Thanksgiving dinner	4,568	1,902
Telephone and internet	1,280	2,134
Upkeep of office equipment	2,134	
Upkeep of motor vehicle	1,500	9,600
Website maintenance		
	1,182,056	853,542
- 1 Al hafara tay	1,083,375	590,280
Surplus of income over expenditure before tax	3,461	(3,588)
Tax credit / (expense)		
Net surplus for the year	1,086,836	586,692
Tiot outplus for the Jan.		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements 10

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended 31 December 2017

	2017 RM	2016 RM
Cash flows from operating activities		
Surplus of income over expenditure for the year - Members - Non-members	20,404 1,062,971	30,755 559,525
	1,083,375	590,280
Adjustments for:- Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	17,711	17,012
Surplus before working capital changes	1,101,086	607,292
(Increase) / Decrease in receivables Increase in payables	(3,000) 10,200	922 600
Cash generated from operating activities	1,108,286	608,814
Tax paid	(127)	•
Net cash generated from operating activities	1,108,159	608,814
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(6,988)	(37,115)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(6,988)	(37,115)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,101,171	571,699
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	1,018,583	446,884
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	2,119,754	1,018,583

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -31 DECEMBER 2017

## 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The principal activity of the Society is to assist and provide support for the less fortunate communities in Malaysia. There has been no significant changes in the nature of this activity during the year.

The Society is registered in Malaysia. The registered office of the Society is located at Blok N-6-03, the Gamuda Biz Suites, Persiaran Anggerik Vanilla, Kota Kemuning, 40460 Shah Alam, Selangor.

The financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution by the Council on 24 MAY 2018

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PILICIES

## (a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Society have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Private Entities Reporting Standard ("MPERS") and the requirements of Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia.

## (b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as otherwise stated in the financial statements.

## (c) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Company's functional currency.

## (d) Significant accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with MPERS requires the use of certain accounting estimates and exercise of judgements. Estimates and judgements are continuously evaluated and are based on past experience, reasonable expectations of future events and other factors.

The Council are the opinion that there are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within next financial year.

#### 3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Society and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Subsequent to recognition, property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is computed on a straight line basis to write-off the cost to its residual value over the estimated useful lives of the assets at following annual rate:-

Building extension	15%
Electrical installation	15%
Furniture and fittings	20%
Information of technology equipments	10%
Motor vehicle	20%
Office equipment	10%
Signboard	10%

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

The residual value, useful life and depreciation method are reviewed at each year-end, and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the asset is included in the profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised.

## (b) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generated cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or cash-generating units.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash-generating unit

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its related cash-generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) on a pro rata basis.

Impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at the end of each reporting period for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the assets's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the financial year in which the reversals are recognised.

#### (c) Financial instruments

#### (i) Initial recognition and measurement

A financial asset or financial liability is recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Society becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial instrument is recognised initially at the transaction price (including transaction costs except in the initial measurement of a financial asset or financial liability that is measured at fair value through profit or loss) unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction. If the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

#### (ii) Subsequent measurement

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method:

- (a) returns to the holder are determinable, e.g. a fixed amount and/or variable rate of return benchmark against a quoted or observable interest rate;
- (b) there is no contractual provision that could result in the holder losing the principal amount or any interest attributable to the current or prior periods;

(c) prepayment option, if any, is not contingent on future events.

Debt instruments that are classified as current assets or current liabilities are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction.

Financial assets or financial liabilities not measured at amortised at cost or cost less impairment are measured at fair value changes recognised in profit or loss.

All financial assets (except for financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss) are assessed at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence of impairment. An impairment loss is measured as follows:

- (i) For an instrument measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate.
- (ii) For an instrument measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the best estimate of the amount that would be received for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

#### (iii) Derecognition

A financial asset or part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expired or are settled, or control of the asset is not retained or substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred to another party. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset derecognised and the consideration received, including any newly created rights and obligations, is recognised in profit or loss.

A financial liability or part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

## (d) Employee benefits

## (i) Short term employee benefits

Wages, salaries, social security contributions, paid annual leave, paid sick leave, bonuses and non-monetary benefits are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed when employees rendered their services to the Society.

Short term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised as a current liability when employees render services that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences. Short term non-accumulating compensated absences are recognized when the absences occur.

## (ii) Defined contribution plans

The Society incorporated in Malaysia make contributions to a statutory provident fund. The contributions are recognised as a liability after deducting any amount already paid and as an expense in the period in which the employees render their services.

#### 4. GENERAL FUND

	2017 RM	2016 RM
At 1 January	1,098,433	511,741
Surplus of income over expenditure	1,086,836	586,692
At 31 December	2,185,269	1,098,433

PERSATUAN KASIH SEJATI (Registered in Malaysia)

# 5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Signboard Total	RM RM	8,450 114,167	886'9		8,450 121,155	895 28,929	845 17,711	1,740 46,640	7,555 85,238	6,710 74,515
Office equipment	RM	5,468	4,160		9,628		- 6963	1,510	4,921	8,118
Motor vehicles	RM	12,000			12,000	2,400	2,400	4,800	009,6	7,200
Information technology equipment	RM	5,211	2,828	<b>1</b>	8,039	722	804	1,526	4,489	6,513
Furniture and fittings	RM	4,868	i	ī	4,868	2,001	973	2,974	2,867	1,894
Electrical installation	RM	7,250	i	i	7,250	1,088	1,088	2,176		5,074
Building	RM	70,920	1		70,920	21,276	10,638	31,914	49,644	39,006
		Cost At 1 January 2017	Additions	Disposal and deletion	At 31 December 2017	Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses At 1 January 2017	Charge for the year Disposal and deletion	At 31 December 2017	Carrying amounts at 1 January 2017	Carrying amounts at 1 December 2017

## 6. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

		2017 DM	2016 RM
Other payables			·
Accrued expenses		2,000	1,800
	journalista (na chairte ann an Aireann an Ai Air ann an Aireann an A	12,000	1,800

## 7. TAX (CREDIT) / EXPENSE

Income tax is charged on surplus arising from transactions with non-members. The current tax expense consists of:-

	2017 RM	2016 RM
Income tax provided for the year Overprovision in prior years	(3,461)	3,588 -
	(3,461)	3,588

## 8. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

## (a) Identities of related parties

Parties are considered to be related to the Society if the Society has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Society and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties could be individuals or other parties.

There were no related party transactions during the year.

## (b) Compensation of key management personnel

Key management personnel are those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly and indirectly, including any Council (whether executive or otherwise) of the Society.

The total compensation of Council and other key management personnel during the financial year was as follow:-

	2017 RM	2016 RM
Total key management compensation - Short-term employee benefits - Defined contribution plan	191,297 19,144	53,200 5,156
Domined contribution plan	210,441	58,356

#### 9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The financial instruments of the Society are categorised into the following classes:

	2017 RM	$\frac{2016}{\mathrm{RM}}$
Financial assets		
Other receivables	3,000	_
Cash and cash equivalents	2,119,754	1,018,583
	2,122,754	1,018,583
Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost		
Other payables	12,000	1,800