

PERSATUAN KASIH SEJATI
(Registered in Malaysia)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2019

PERSATUAN KASIH SEJATI
(Registered in Malaysia)

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31 DECEMBER 2019

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PERSATUAN KASIH SEJATI
(Registered in Malaysia)

THE COUNCIL MEMBERS INFORMATION FOR 2019

President	: Mr. See Swee Choy
Vice President	: Mr. Yuen Juin Hoe : Ms. Lai Ai Fuen
Secretary	: Ms. Chang Phay Kee : Mr. Gan Yee Chuan
Treasurer	: Ms. Chua Chin Ching : Ms. Lee Wan Siing
Councillors	: Mr. Eddy Shan Rush : Mr. Yap Tze Phay : Ms. Siti Munirah Binti Mohd : Mr. Kamarul Farid Bin Kamaruddin

PERSATUAN KASIH SEJATI
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COUNCIL'S REPORT

The Council hereby present their report together with audited financial statements of the Society for the financial year ended 31 December, 2019.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Society is to assist and provide support for the less fortunate communities in Malaysia. There has been no significant changes in the nature of this activity during the year.

RESULT

Net surplus for the year RM1,158,503

There were no material transfer to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year.

In the opinion of the Council, the results of the operations of the Society during the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.

COUNCIL MEMBERS

The names of the Council Members of Persatuan Kasih Sejati in office since the date of the last report are:-

Mr.Eddy Shan Rush

Mr. Yap Tze Phay

Ms.Siti Munirah Binti Mohd Faizal Lim

Mr.Kamarul Farid Bin Kamaruddin

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COUNCIL'S BENEFITS

Neither at the end of the financial year, nor at any time during that year, did there subsist any arrangement to which the Society was a party, whereby the Council Members might acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of interest in the Society or any other body corporate.

Since the end of the previous financial year, no Council Member has received or become entitled to receive a benefit by reason of a contract made by the Society or a related corporation with any Council Member or with a firm which he is a member, or with a Company in which he has a substantial financial interest.

COUNCIL'S INTEREST

None of the Council Members in office since at the end of the financial year had any interest in the Council or its related corporations during the financial year.

COUNCIL'S REMUNERATION

Fees and other benefits of the Council Members who held office during the financial year ended 31 December 2019 are as follows:

	<u>2019</u> RM	<u>2018</u> RM
Salaries and allowances	272,606	199,050
Defind contribution plan	37,094	27,480
	<u>309,700</u>	<u>226,530</u>

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

(I) AS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

- (a) Before the financial statements were made out, the Council Members took reasonable steps:-
- (i) to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and satisfied themselves that there were no known bad debts and that no provision for doubtful debts was necessary; and
 - (ii) to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to realise their values as shown in the accounting records in the ordinary course of business had been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

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- (b) At the date of this report, the Council are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements of the Society which would render:
 - (i) it necessary to write off any bad debts or to make any provision for doubtful debts in respect of the financial statements of the society; and
 - (ii) the values attributed to current assets in the financial statements of the Society misleading.
- (c) As the date of this report, the Council Members are not aware of any circumstances which have arisen which would render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Society misleading or inappropriate.
- (d) As the date of this report, the Council Members are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or to the financial statements of the Society which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.
- (e) As at the date of this report, there does not exist:
 - (i) any charge on the assets of the Society which has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person; or
 - (ii) any contingent liability in respect of the Society which has arisen since the end of the financial year.
- (f) In the opinion of the Council Members:
 - (i) no contingent liability or other liability has become enforceable, or is likely to become enforceable, within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which will or may affect the ability of the Society to meet its obligations as and when they fall due; and
 - (ii) no item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature has arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report which is likely to affect substantially the results of the Society for the financial year in which this report is made.

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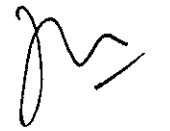
AUDITORS' AND AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

The auditors Messrs S.F. Lee & Co. have expressed their willingness to continue in office,
Auditors' remuneration of the Society for the financial year ended 31 December 2019 is
RM2,000/-

Signed on behalf of the Council in accordance with a resolution of the Council dated
17 JUL 2020



See S'wee Choy
President



Chua Chin Ching
Treasurer

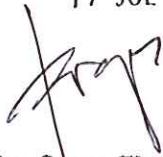
Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

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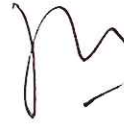
STATEMENT BY COUNCIL PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(2) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2016

We, See Swee Choy and Chua Chin Ching, being two of the Council Members of Persatuan Kasih Sejati do hereby state that, in our opinion, the accompanying financial statements set out pages 9 to 20 are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Private Entities Reporting Standard and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Persatuan Kasih Sejati as at 31 December 2019, and of the financial performance and cash flows of the Society for the year then ended.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Council dated
17 JUL 2020



See Swee Choy
President



Chua Chin Ching
Treasurer

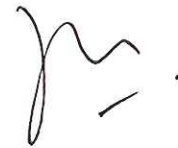
Kuala Lumpur

STATUTORY DECLARATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(1)(b) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2016

I, Chua Chin Ching, being the officer primarily responsible for the financial management of Persatuan Kasih Sejati, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 9 to 20 are in my opinion correct, and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by abovenamed
Chua Chin Ching at Kuala Lumpur in Wilayah
Persekutuan on

17 JUL 2020



Chua Chin Ching

Before me:

Kuala Lumpur



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PERSATUAN KASIH SEJATI

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **Persatuan Kasih Sejati.**, which comprise the statement of financial position of the Society as at 31 December 2019, the statement of income and expenditure and statement of cash flows of the Society for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes, as set out on pages 9 to 20.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Society as at 31 December 2019, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Private Entities Reporting Standard and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and Other Ethical Responsibilities

We are independent of the Society in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The council members of the Society are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Council's Report but does not include the financial statements of the Society and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Society does not cover the Council's Report and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Society, our responsibility is to read the Council's Report and, in doing so, consider whether the Council's Report is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Society or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the Council's Report, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



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Responsibilities of the Council for the Financial Statements

The council of the Society are responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Society that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Private Entities Reporting Standard and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia. The council are also responsible for such internal control as council determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Society that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Society, the council are responsible for assessing the Society's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the council either intend to liquidate the Society or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Society as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Society, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Society's internal control.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the council.



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Other Matters

- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of the council's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Society's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Society or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Society to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Society, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the council regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Other Matter

This report is made solely to the members of the Society, as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

S.F. LEE & CO.
AF 0670
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

LEE SIEW FATI
01179/09/2020 (J)
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT

Kuala Lumpur
Dated: 17 JUL 2020

PERSATUAN KASIH SEJATI
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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
As at 31 December 2019

	Note	<u>2019</u> RM	<u>2018</u> RM
GENERAL FUND	4	<u>3,302,452</u>	<u>2,143,949</u>
Represented by:			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	5	62,672	73,438
		<u>62,672</u>	<u>73,438</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Deposits		118,200	700
Fixed deposits with licensed bank		1,527,539	1,366,736
Cash and bank balances		1,617,852	709,559
		<u>3,263,591</u>	<u>2,076,995</u>
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accrued expenses		21,360	6,455
Current tax liabilities		2,451	29
		<u>23,811</u>	<u>6,484</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS		3,239,780	2,070,511
		<u>3,302,452</u>	<u>2,143,949</u>

The annexed notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE
For the year ended 31 December 2019

INCOME	Note	2019 RM	2018 RM
Donation received		2,676,425	1,494,918
Thanksgiving dinner		522,737	-
Members fees		560	1,350
Sales of merchandise		4,684	3,772
Interest income		67,688	31,968
		<u>3,272,094</u>	<u>1,532,008</u>
EXPENDITURE			
Auditors' remuneration		2,000	2,000
Accounting fee		14,400	20,600
Advertisement and promotion fees		3,736	34,197
Bank charges		4,611	3,839
Branding and Sosial Media expenses		35,405	57,200
Cleaning expenses		840	418
Councillors' remuneration		272,606	199,050
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment		21,729	20,283
Donation and contribution to:-			
- Dialysis case		207,856	158,562
- Charity house		-	14,300
- Orphanage		16,191	15,763
- Old folks home		7,790	32,655
- Disabled people home		-	3,615
- Reading event		28,334	200,666
- Individual and family		246,350	177,269
- Orang Asli Project		51,178	55,912
- GHCC Love & Caring Community Project		343,162	197,605
- You & Me Educational Program		169,666	65,587
- Earth warrior project		5,491	26,942
Electricity and water		13,965	7,016
Events and promotional campaign		14,184	15,776
EPF and Socso for staff		54,473	39,649
Gift and merchandise		7,809	-
GST expenses		1,580	2,318
Licence fee		786	393
Medical staff		2,966	-
Newspaper and periodicals		2	-
Printing and stationery		11,159	12,260
Charity fund raising banquet		295,187	25,861
Other administrative staff salaries		144,663	95,524
Penalty		39	5
Postages		843	487
Professionals fee		3,334	2,260
Petrol, toll and parking		25,743	13,316
Quit rent and assessment		742	742
Repair and maintenance		231	1,634
Balance brought down		<u>2,009,051</u>	<u>1,503,704</u>

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STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE
For the year ended 31 December 2019

	Note	<u>2019</u> RM	<u>2018</u> RM
Balance carried down		2,009,051	1,503,704
Rental of premises		17,567	7,800
Staff refreshment		6,891	6,813
Thanksgiving dinner		49,796	1,720
Telephone and internet		9,553	10,702
Training expenses		2,254	15,164
Upkeep of office equipment		161	3,887
Upkeep of motor vehicle		-	400
Upkeep of premises		15,713	19,079
Uniform		-	530
Website maintenance		75	3,500
		<u>2,111,061</u>	<u>1,573,299</u>
Surplus / (deficit) of income over expenditure before tax		1,161,033	(41,291)
Tax expense	6	(2,530)	(29)
Net surplus / (deficit) for the year		<u>1,158,503</u>	<u>(41,320)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For the year ended 31 December 2019

	<u>2019</u> RM	<u>2018</u> RM
Cash flows from operating activities		
(Deficits)/Surplus of income over expenditure for the year		
- Members	560	5,122
- Non-members	1,160,473	(46,413)
	<u>1,161,033</u>	<u>(41,291)</u>
Adjustments for:-		
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	21,729	20,283
(Deficits) / surplus before working capital changes	<u>1,182,762</u>	<u>(21,008)</u>
(Increase) / decrease in receivables	(117,500)	2,300
Increase / (decrease) in payables	14,905	(5,545)
Cash generated from / (used in) operation	<u>1,080,167</u>	<u>(24,253)</u>
Tax paid	(108)	-
Net generated from / (used in) cash operating activities	<u>1,080,059</u>	<u>(24,253)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(10,963)	(19,206)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	<u>(10,963)</u>	<u>(19,206)</u>
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,069,096	(43,459)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	2,076,295	2,119,754
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	<u>3,145,391</u>	<u>2,076,295</u>
<u>Analysis of cash and cash equivalents: -</u>		
	<u>2019</u> RM	<u>2018</u> RM
Cash in hand	2,165	2,165
Bank balances	1,527,539	707,394
Fixed deposits with licensed bank	1,597,571	1,366,736
Paypal account	18,116	-
	<u>3,145,391</u>	<u>2,076,295</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS –31 DECEMBER 2019

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The principal activity of the Society is to assist and provide support for the less fortunate communities in Malaysia. There has been no significant changes in the nature of this activity during the year.

The Society is registered in Malaysia. The registered office of the Society is located at Blok N-7-03, the Gamuda Biz Suites, Persiaran Anggerik Vanilla, Kota Kemuning, 40460 Shah Alam, Selangor.

The financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution by the Council on **17 JUL 2020**

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Society have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Private Entities Reporting Standard (“MPERS”) and the requirements of Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia.

(b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as otherwise stated in the financial statements.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia (“RM”), which is the Company’s functional currency.

(d) Significant accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with MPERS requires the use of certain accounting estimates and exercise of judgements. Estimates and judgements are continuously evaluated and are based on past experience, reasonable expectations of future events and other factors.

The Council are the opinion that there are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within next financial year.

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Society and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Subsequent to recognition, property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of income and expenditure as incurred.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is computed on a straight line basis to write-off the cost to its residual value over the estimated useful lives of the assets at following annual rate:-

Building extension	15%
Electrical installation	15%
Furniture and fittings	20%
Information of technology equipments	10%
Motor vehicle	20%
Office equipment	10%
Signboard	10%

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

The residual value, useful life and depreciation method are reviewed at each year-end, and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the asset is included in the income and expenditure in the year the asset is derecognised.

(b) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets (i.e. plant and equipment) are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generated cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or cash-generating units.

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The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash-generating unit.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its related cash-generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the comprehensive income. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amounts of cash-generating unit on a pro rata basis.

Impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at the end of each reporting period for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to income statement in the financial year in which the reversals are recognised.

(c) Financial instruments

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

A financial asset or financial liability is recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Society becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial instrument is recognised initially at the transaction price (including transaction costs except in the initial measurement of a financial asset or financial liability that is measured at fair value through the statement of income and expenses) unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction. If the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method

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- (a) returns to the holder are determinable, e.g. a fixed amount and/or variable rate of return benchmark against a quoted or observable interest rate;
- (b) there is no contractual provision that could result in the holder losing the principal amount or any interest attributable to the current or prior periods;
- (c) prepayment option, if any, is not contingent on future events.

Debt instruments that are classified as current assets or current liabilities are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction.

Financial assets or financial liabilities not measured at amortised at cost or cost less impairment are measured at fair value changes recognised in statement of income and expenditure.

All financial assets (except for financial assets measured at fair value through the statement of income and expenses) are assessed at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence of impairment. An impairment loss is measured as follows:

- (i) For an instrument measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate.
- (ii) For an instrument measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the best estimate of the amount that would be received for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.
- (iii) **Derecognition**
A financial asset or part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expired or are settled, or control of the asset is not retained or substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred to another party. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset derecognised and the consideration received, including any newly created rights and obligations, is recognised in statement of income and expenditure.

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A financial liability or part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in statement of income and expenditure.

(d) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Wages, salaries, social security contributions, paid annual leave, paid sick leave, bonuses and non-monetary benefits are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed when employees rendered their services to the Society.

Short term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised as a current liability when employees render services that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences. Short term non-accumulating compensated absences are recognized when the absences occur.

(ii) Defined contribution plans

The Society incorporated in Malaysia make contributions to a statutory provident fund. The contributions are recognised as a liability after deducting any amount already paid and as an expense in the period in which the employees render their services.

4. GENERAL FUND

	<u>2019</u> RM	<u>2018</u> RM
At 1 January	2,143,949	2,185,269
Surplus / (Deficit) of income over expenditure	1,158,503	(41,320)
At 31 December	<u>3,302,452</u>	<u>2,143,949</u>

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Building extension		Electrical installation		Furniture and fittings		Information technology equipment		Motor vehicles		Office equipment		Signboard		Total	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
<i>Cost</i>																
At 1 January 2019	70,920	7,250	12,904	17,699	12,000	9,628	9,960	140,361								
Additions	-	-	3,516	6,297	-	1,150	-	10,963								
Disposal and deletion	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
At 31 December 2019	70,920	7,250	16,420	23,996	12,000	10,778	9,960	151,324								
<i>Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses</i>																
At 1 January 2019	42,552	3,264	5,403	3,296	7,200	2,472	2,736	66,923								
Charge for the year	10,638	1,087	3,130	2,400	2,400	1,078	996	21,729								
Disposal and deletion	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
At 31 December 2019	53,190	4,351	8,533	5,696	9,600	3,550	3,732	88,652								
Carrying amounts at 1 January 2019	28,368	3,986	7,501	14,403	4,800	7,156	7,224	73,438								
Carrying amounts at 1 December 2019	17,730	2,899	7,887	18,300	2,400	7,228	6,228	62,672								

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6. TAX EXPENSE / (CREDIT)

Income tax if any, is charged on surplus arising from transactions with non-members.

	<u>2019</u> RM	<u>2018</u> RM
Current tax:		
On result for the year	2,451	29
Underprovision in prior years	79	-
	<u>2,530</u>	<u>29</u>

7. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(a) Identities of related parties

Parties are considered to be related to the Society if the Society has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Society and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties could be individuals or other parties.

There were no related party transactions during the year.

(b) Compensation of key management personnel

Key management personnel are those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly and indirectly, including any Council member (whether executive or otherwise) of the Society.

The total compensation of Council member and other key management personnel during the financial year was as follow:-

	<u>2019</u> RM	<u>2018</u> RM
Total key management compensation	<u>309,760</u>	<u>226,530</u>

8. CAPITAL COMMITMENT

	<u>2019</u> RM	<u>2018</u> RM
Contracted but not provided for- property	<u>1,115,000</u>	<u>-</u>

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9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The financial instruments of the Society are categorised into the following classes:

	<u>2019</u> RM	<u>2018</u> RM
Financial assets measured at amortised cost less impairment		
Fixed deposits with licensed bank	1,527,539	1,366,736
Cash and bank balances	1,617,852	709,559
	<u>3,145,391</u>	<u>2,076,295</u>
Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost		
Accrued expenses	<u>21,360</u>	<u>6,455</u>